寄生刺槐绿虎天牛的姬蜂并记述一新种 (膜翅目, 姬蜂科)

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摘 要 报道了寄生刺槐绿虎天牛 *Chlorophorus diadena* (Motschulsky) 的 2 种姬蜂:新种刺槐天牛善姬蜂 *Aritranis robiniae* sp. nov. 和泰山 筒瘤姬蜂 *Pimp laetus taishanensis* He, 1996。新种的模式标本保存在国家林业局森林病虫害防治总站。

关键词 膜翅目, 姬蜂科, 善姬蜂属, 新种, 泰山筒瘤姬蜂, 刺槐绿虎天牛. 中图分类号 Q969. 544. 8

刺槐绿虎天牛 Chlorophorus diadema (Motschulsky) (鞘翅目,天牛科) 是刺槐幼龄林中危害枝条的重要钻蛀害虫。近几年在沈阳地区对它的寄生天敌进行了研究,发现2种姬蜂:刺槐天牛善姬蜂 Aritranis robiniae sp. nov. (新种) 和泰山筒瘤姬蜂 Pimplaetus taishanensis He, 1996。记述如下。

善姬蜂属 Aritranis Förster, 1869 隶属秘姬蜂亚科 Cryptinae 秘姬蜂族 Cryptini, 全世界已知 43 种。中国已知 5 种。该属主要形态特征: 唇基中等大小,端缘或多或少平截,中央通常具 1 小尖凸。前沟缘脊非常长且强壮。胸腹侧脊伸达前胸背板后缘中部,甚至可达翅基下脊。并胸腹节基横脊和端横脊完整或几乎完整。并胸腹节气门圆形至椭圆形。小脉位于基脉的稍内侧,后中脉适度或强度弓形。腹部第7节背板具白色斑。产卵器鞘长为前翅长的 0.35~0.83 倍。产卵器侧扁,腹瓣亚端部的脊近似垂直且相距较远。寄主为钻蛀树木茎干、末稍或草杆的蛀虫,或在枝干末稍的膜翅目针尾部昆虫的巢内,或杂草茎的叶蜂蛹。

刺槐天牛善姬蜂,新种 Aritranis robiniae **sp. nov.** (图 1~5)

♀ 体长 6.9 mm。前翅长 5 mm。颜面几乎平, 具均匀稠密的刻点,宽约为长的 0.75 倍。唇基凹弱,唇基稍隆起,亚端部微凹。上颚基部具密纵刻点,2 端齿等长。颚眼距约为上颚基部宽的 0.78 倍。上颊具不清晰的细刻点和短纵纹,强度向后收窄。头顶具较稀(后部较密)且弱的刻点。单眼区稍隆起。侧单眼间距约为单复眼间距的 0.74 倍。额区上部粗糙,皱不规则,下部具横皱。触角鞭节 24 节。后头脊完整。前胸背板前缘光滑,上部具刻点,

侧凹内具稠密的横皱。前沟缘脊强壮。中胸盾片具 稠密均匀的刻点。盾纵沟非常清晰且细,抵达中胸 盾片中部之后。小盾片隆起、光亮、具清晰的细刻 点。后小盾片光亮,无刻点。中胸侧板具非常稠密 的刻点、中央粗糙、刻点不清晰; 镜面区小; 中胸 侧板凹呈1短横沟。后胸侧板粗糙,具非常稠密而 不清晰的刻点;基间脊非常弱,但清晰可见;后胸 侧板下缘脊完整、亚基部隆起。并胸腹节粗糙、具 稠密不清晰的刻点和不规则的短皱;具清晰的基横 脊和端横脊。 翅透明,小脉稍向外弓,位于基脉的 内侧, 两者之间的距离约为小脉长的 0.4 倍: 小翅 室五边形,两肘间横脉几乎平行; 第 2 回脉约在它 的中央与它相接:外小脉在中央稍下方曲折:后小 脉明显外斜、约在中央曲折。足正常、爪小。腹部 1 节背板细长、光滑,表面稍呈细革质状;长约为 端宽的 2.3 倍; 在气门处强烈弯曲; 气门稍突起; 背中脊几乎抵达气门处, 背侧脊及腹侧脊完整。第 2~ 4节背板具稠密的刻点, 但向后逐渐变弱、变 细; 第2节背板基部的刻点非常稀少, 由基部向端 部强度变宽。长约为端宽的 0.8 倍、端部宽约为基 部宽的 2.2 倍; 第 3 节背板两侧近平行, 长约为端 宽的 0.5 倍。产卵器鞘长 2.5 mm。产卵器腹瓣端部 具8条纵脊.基部5条相距较远。

体黑色;下列部分除外:下唇须和下颚须褐黑色;触角鞭节第5节端部、第6~8节背面白色;前、中足胫节端部及其跗节、中足胫节前侧、后足腿节基部暗红褐色;中足跗节褐黑色;腹部1~2节背板(第2节背板亚端部具深色横带)和第3节背板基缘红褐色,第7、8节背面各具1较大的白斑;翅脉褐黑色;翅痣深褐色,基部带白色。

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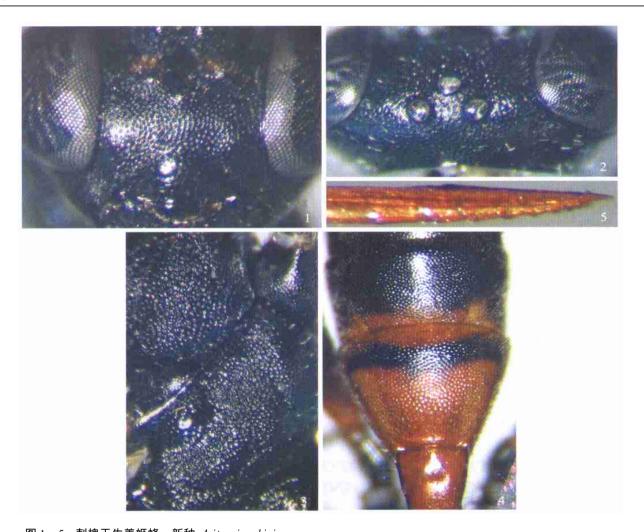


图 1~5 刺槐天牛善姬蜂,新种 Aritranis robiniae sp. nov.

1. 颜面(face) 2 头顶背面观(vertex,dorsal view) 3. 中胸侧板(mesopleurum) 4. 后柄部及第 2~ 3 节背板(postpetiole and tergites 2 3) 5. 产卵器端部侧面观(apical portion of ovipositor,lateral view)

寄主: 从危害刺槐 Robinia pseudoacacia L. 的刺槐绿虎天牛 Chlorophorus diadema (Motschulsky) (寄主新记录) 幼虫饲养获得。

词源:新种的种名取自寄主危害的树种刺槐 Robinia pseu doacacia 的属名。

新种与中华善姬蜂 Aritranis chinensis (Uchida, 1952) 相近,可通过下列特征区别。新种:并胸腹节基横脊清晰,具稠密且不规则的弱皱纹,无清晰的刻点;后柄部光滑,无刻点;腹部第1节、第2(亚端部具1横暗带除外)和第3节基缘红褐色;第7、8节背面各具1较大的白斑。中华善姬蜂:并胸腹节基横脊不明显,具稠密的皱纹状刻点;后柄部具分散的粗刻点;腹部第1节端部、第2、3节及第4节基半部红色;第7节具1小白斑。

泰山筒瘤姬蜂 Pimplaetus taishanensis **He, 1996** *Pimplaetus taishanensis* He, 1996. Economic Insect Fauna of China, 51, Hymenoptera: Ichneumonidae. Science Press, Beijing. p. 80.

观察标本: 1 &(从刺槐绿虎天牛 Chlorophorus diadema 幼虫饲养得到), 辽宁沈阳, 2004-03-05, 盛茂领采; 1♀, 吉林丰满, 2004-05-15, 盛茂领; 1♀, 辽宁海城, 2004-06, 陈天林; 1♀, 吉林伊通, 2005-05-27, 赵常胜。

寄主: 刺槐绿虎天牛 Chlorophorus diadema Matsch. (寄主新纪录)。

寄主植物: 刺槐 Robinia p seudoaca cia L. 幼林的主干及大树的粗枝条。

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ICHNEUMONIDS PARASITIZING CHLOROPHORUS DI ADEMA WITH DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SPECIES (HYMENOPTERA, ICHNEUMONIDAE)

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Abstract Two species of the family Ichneumonidae parasitizing *Chlorophorus diadema* (Motschulsky) are reported *Aritranis robiniae* sp. nov. is new to science Female of *Pimplaetus taishanensis* He, 1996 and its host are reported for the first time. The type specimen is deposited in the Insect Collection Museum of the General Station of Forest Pest Management, State Forestry Administration, Shenyang, China.

Aritranis robiniae **sp. nov.** (Figs. 1-5)

This new species is similar to *A*. *chinensis* (Uchida, 1952) but can be distinguished from the latter by: propodeum with distinct basal transverse carina and dense irregular weak wrinkles, without puncture; postpetiole smooth, without puncture; tergite 1-2 and basal margin of tergite 3 reddish brown; each of tergites 7 and 8 with a big white mark. *A*. *chinensis* (Uchida): basal transverse carina indistinct, with dense wrinkle punctures; postpetiole with disperse rough punctures; apical portion of tergite

1, tergites 2-3 and basal half of tergite 4 red; tergite 7 with a small white mark.

Holotype ♀, Shenyang, Liaoning Province, 23 May 2005, SUN Shur Ping and SHENG Mao Ling.

Host. Reared from *Chlorophorus diadema* (Motschulsky).

Host plant. Robinia pseudoacacia L.

Etymology. This new species is named after the name of its host plant.

Pimplaetus taishanensis He, 1996

Specimens examined. 1 & reared from larva of *Chlorophorus diadema* Motsch., Shenyang, Liaoning Province, 5 Mar. 2004, SHENG Mao Ling; 1 \(\gamma, Fengman, Jilin Province, 15 May 2004, SHENG Mao Ling; 1 \(\gamma, Haicheng, Liaoning Province, June 2004, CHEN Tiar Lin; 1 \(\gamma, Yitong, Jilin Province, 24 May 2005, ZHAO Chang Sheng.

Host plant: Robinia pseudoacacia L.

Key words Hymenoptera, Ichneumonidae, Aritranis, new species, Pimplaetus taishanensis, Chlorophorus dia dem a.